CONSTITUTION OF A CHARITABLE INCORPORATED ORGANISATION WITH VOTING MEMBERS OTHER THAN ITS CHARITY TRUSTEES

('Association' Model Constitution)

Date of constitution: 23 December 2013

1 Name
The name of the Charitable Incorporated Organisation (the CIO) is Design History Society.

2 National location of principal office
The CIO must have a principal office in England or Wales. The principal office of the CIO is in England.

3 Objects
The objects of the CIO are to promote the study of and research into design history and to disseminate and publish the useful results thereof.

4 Powers
The CIO has power to do anything which is calculated to further its objects or is conducive or incidental to doing so. In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the CIO’s powers include power to:

4.1 borrow money and to charge the whole or any part of its property as security for the repayment of the money borrowed. The CIO must comply as appropriate with sections 124 and 125 of the Charities Act 2011 if it wishes to mortgage land;

4.2 buy, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any property and to maintain and equip or alter it for use;

4.3 sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the property belonging to the CIO. In exercising this power, the CIO must comply as appropriate with sections 117 and 119-123 of the Charities Act 2011;

4.4 make grants or loans of money, to give guarantees and become or give security for the performance of contracts and to grant powers of attorney by way of security for the performance of obligations;
4.5 insure and arrange insurance cover of every kind and nature in respect of the CIO, its
property and assets and take out other insurance policies to protect the CIO, its employees,
volunteers or members as required;

4.6 employ and remunerate such staff as are necessary for carrying out the work of the CIO. The
CIO may employ or remunerate a charity trustee only to the extent that it is permitted to do so
by clause 6 (Benefits and payments to charity trustees and connected persons) and provided
it complies with the conditions of those clauses

4.7 deposit or invest funds, employ a professional fund-manager, and arrange for the investments
or other property of the CIO to be held in the name of a nominee, in the same manner and
subject to the same conditions as the trustees of a trust are permitted to do by the Trustee Act
2000;

4.8 arrange and provide for or join in arranging and providing for the holding of exhibitions,
meetings, lectures, classes and seminars;

4.9 cause to be written, printed or otherwise reproduced and circulated, gratuitously or otherwise,
periodicals, magazines, books, leaflets or other documents, films, recorded tapes or materials
reproduced on electronic media;

4.10 collect, disseminate information on all matters affecting its objects and exchange such
information with other bodies or individuals concerned with the subject of design history;

4.11 raise funds and invite and receive contributions from any person or persons whatsoever by
way of subscription or otherwise provided that in doing so the CIO shall not undertake any
substantial permanent taxable trading and shall comply with any relevant statutory
regulations.

5 Application of income and property

5.1 The income and property of the CIO must be applied solely towards the promotion of the
objects.

5.1.1 A charity trustee is entitled to be reimbursed from the property of the CIO or may
pay out of such property reasonable expenses properly incurred by him or her
when acting on behalf of the CIO.

5.1.2 A charity trustee may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance cover purchased
at the CIO’s expense in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section
189 of the Charities Act 2011.

5.2 None of the income or property of the CIO may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by
way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any member of the CIO. This does not
prevent a member who is not also a charity trustee receiving:

5.2.1 a benefit from the CIO as a beneficiary of the CIO;
5.2.2 reasonable and proper remuneration for any goods or services supplied to the CIO.

5.3 Nothing in this clause shall prevent a charity trustee or connected person receiving any benefit or payment which is authorised by clause 6.

6 Benefits and payments to charity trustees and connected persons

6.1 General provisions

No charity trustee or connected person may:

6.1.1 buy or receive any goods or services from the CIO on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public;

6.1.2 sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the CIO;

6.1.3 be employed by, or receive any remuneration from, the CIO;

6.1.4 receive any other financial benefit from the CIO;

unless the payment or benefit is permitted by sub-clause 6.2 of this clause, or authorised by the court or the Charity Commission (the Commission). In this clause, a financial benefit means a benefit, direct or indirect, which is either money or has a monetary value.

6.2 Scope and powers permitting trustees' or connected persons' benefits

6.2.1 A charity trustee or connected person may receive a benefit from the CIO as a beneficiary of the CIO provided that a majority of the trustees do not benefit in this way.

6.2.2 A charity trustee or connected person may enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the CIO where that is permitted in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 185 to 188 of the Charities Act 2011.

6.2.3 Subject to sub-clause 6.3 of this clause a charity trustee or connected person may provide the CIO with goods that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the CIO by the charity trustee or connected person.

6.2.4 A charity trustee or connected person may receive interest on money lent to the CIO at a reasonable and proper rate which must be not more than the Bank of England bank rate (also known as the base rate).

6.2.5 A charity trustee or connected person may receive rent for premises let by the trustee or connected person to the CIO. The amount of the rent and the other terms of the lease must be reasonable and proper. The charity trustee concerned must withdraw from any meeting at which such a proposal or the rent or other terms of the lease are under discussion.
6.2.6 A charity trustee or connected person may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the CIO on the same terms as members of the public.

6.3 Payment for supply of goods only - controls

The CIO and its charity trustees may only rely upon the authority provided by sub-clause 6.2.3 of this clause if each of the following conditions is satisfied:

6.3.1 The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods is set out in a written agreement between the CIO and the charity trustee or connected person supplying the goods (the supplier).

6.3.2 The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question.

6.3.3 The other charity trustees are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the CIO to contract with the supplier rather than with someone who is not a charity trustee or connected person. In reaching that decision the charity trustees must balance the advantage of contracting with a charity trustee or connected person against the disadvantages of doing so.

6.3.4 The supplier is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with him or her or it with regard to the supply of goods to the CIO.

6.3.5 The supplier does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of charity trustees is present at the meeting.

6.3.6 The reason for their decision is recorded by the charity trustees in the minute book.

6.3.7 A majority of the charity trustees then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by clause 6.

6.4 In sub-clauses 6.2 and 6.3 of this clause:

6.4.1 the CIO includes any company in which the CIO:

6.4.1.1 holds more than 50% of the shares; or

6.4.1.2 controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares; or

6.4.1.3 has the right to appoint one or more directors to the board of the company;

6.4.2 connected person includes any person within the definition set out in clause 31 (Interpretation).
7 Conflicts of interest and conflicts of loyalty

7.1 A charity trustee must:

7.1.1 declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the CIO or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the CIO which has not previously been declared; and

7.1.2 absent himself or herself from any discussions of the charity trustees in which it is possible that a conflict of interest will arise between his or her duty to act solely in the interests of the CIO and any personal interest (including but not limited to any financial interest).

7.2 Any charity trustee absenting himself or herself from any discussions in accordance with clause 7.1 must not vote or be counted as part of the quorum in any decision of the charity trustees on the matter.

7.3 Where a charity trustee becomes aware of such a personal interest in relation to a matter arising in a resolution in writing circulated to the charity trustees, the charity trustee concerned shall:

7.3.1 as soon as possible declare an interest to all the other charity trustees;

7.3.2 not be entitled to vote on the resolution in writing, and

7.3.3 the resolution shall take effect accordingly provided that any charity trustee who has already voted on the resolution may, on being notified of the personal interest, withdraw their vote.

7.4 Clauses 7.1 to 7.3 shall not apply where the matter to be discussed is in respect of a policy of insurance as authorised in the constitution.

8 Liability of members to contribute to the assets of the CIO if it is wound up

If the CIO is wound up, the members of the CIO have no liability to contribute to its assets and no personal responsibility for settling its debts and liabilities.

9 Membership of the CIO

9.1 Admission of new members

9.1.1 Eligibility

(a) Membership of the CIO is open to anyone who is interested in furthering its purposes, and who, by applying for membership, has indicated his, her or its agreement to become a member and acceptance of the duty of members set out in sub-clause 9.3 of this clause.
(b) A member may be an **individual member** (being an individual), or an **institutional member** (being a corporate body or an organisation which is not incorporated).

9.1.2 Admission procedure

The charity trustees:

9.1.2.1 may require applications for membership to be made in any reasonable way that they decide;

9.1.2.2 may refuse an application for membership if they believe that it is in the best interests of the CIO for them to do so;

9.1.2.3 shall, if they decide to refuse an application for membership, give the applicant their reasons for doing so, within 4 weeks of the decision being taken, and give the applicant the opportunity to appeal against the refusal; and

9.1.2.4 shall give fair consideration to any such appeal, and shall inform the applicant of their decision, but any decision to confirm refusal of the application for membership shall be final.

9.2 Transfer of membership

Membership of the CIO cannot be transferred to anyone else.

9.3 Duty of members

It is the duty of each member of the CIO to exercise his or her powers as a member of the CIO in the way he or she decides in good faith would be most likely to further the purposes of the CIO.

9.4 Termination of membership

9.4.1 Membership of the CIO comes to an end if:

9.4.1.1 the member dies, or, in the case of an organisation (or the representative of an organisation) that organisation ceases to exist; or

9.4.1.2 the member sends a notice of resignation to the charity trustees; or

9.4.1.3 any sum due from the member to the CIO has been wholly or partly outstanding for at least two months and the CIO serves notice in writing on the member terminating the membership. In such circumstances the termination of membership shall take effect from the date and time when the notice is served;

9.4.1.4 if the member fails to renew their membership within two months of the annual subscription (if any) falling due; or
9.4.1.5 the charity trustees decide that it is in the best interests of the CIO that the member in question should be removed from membership, and pass a resolution to that effect.

9.4.2 Before the charity trustees take any decision to remove someone from membership of the CIO they must:

9.4.2.1 inform the member of the reasons why it is proposed to remove him, her or it from membership;

9.4.2.2 give the member at least 21 clear days notice in which to make representations to the charity trustees as to why he, she or it should not be removed from membership;

9.4.2.3 at a duly constituted meeting of the charity trustees, consider whether or not the member should be removed from membership;

9.4.2.4 consider at that meeting any representations which the member makes as to why the member should not be removed; and

9.4.2.5 allow the member, or the member's representative, to make those representations in person at that meeting, if the member so chooses.

9.5 Membership period and fees

9.5.1 Membership of the CIO shall run from 1 January to 31 December in each year, or for such other period as the charity trustees shall determine.

9.5.2 The CIO may require members to pay reasonable membership fees to the CIO.

9.5.3 Annual subscriptions (if any) shall be due in advance on 1 January or such other date as the charity trustees shall determine.

9.6 Register of members

When:

9.6.1 an application for membership is approved;

9.6.2 any membership is terminated;

9.6.3 any other details entered in the register of members of the CIO changes

the charity trustees shall cause the register of members of the CIO to be updated within 28 days.
9.7 Informal or associate (non-voting) membership

9.7.1 The charity trustees may create associate or other classes of non-voting membership, and may determine the rights and obligations of any such members (including payment of membership fees), and the conditions for admission to, and termination of membership of any such class of members.

9.7.2 Other references in this constitution to ‘members’ and ‘membership’ do not apply to non-voting members, and non-voting members do not qualify as members for any purpose under the Charities Acts, General Regulations or Dissolution Regulations.

10 Members’ decisions

10.1 General provisions

Except for those decisions that must be taken in a particular way as indicated in sub-clause 10.4 of this clause, decisions of the members of the CIO may be taken either by vote at a general meeting as provided in sub-clause 10.2 of this clause or by written resolution as provided in sub-clause 10.3 of this clause.

10.2 Taking ordinary decisions by vote

Subject to sub-clause 10.4 of this clause, any decision of the members of the CIO may be taken by means of a resolution at a general meeting. Such a resolution may be passed by a simple majority of votes cast at the meeting.

10.3 Taking ordinary decisions by written resolution without a general meeting

10.3.1 Subject to sub-clause 10.4 of this clause, a resolution in writing agreed by a simple majority of all the members who would have been entitled to vote upon it had it been proposed at a general meeting shall be effective, provided that:

10.3.1.1 a copy of the proposed resolution has been sent to all the members eligible to vote; and

10.3.1.2 a simple majority of members has signified its agreement to the resolution in a document or documents which are received at the principal office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date. The document signifying a member’s agreement must be authenticated by their signature (or in the case of an institutional member, by execution according to its usual procedure), by a statement of their identity accompanying the document, or in such other manner as the CIO has specified.

10.3.2 The resolution in writing may comprise several copies to which one or more members has signified their agreement.
10.3.3 Eligibility to vote on the resolution is limited to members who are members of the CIO on the date when the proposal is first circulated in accordance with paragraph (a) above.

10.3.4 Not less than 10% of the members of the CIO may request the charity trustees to make a proposal for decision by the members.

10.3.5 The charity trustees must within 21 days of receiving such a request comply with it if:

10.3.5.1 The proposal is not frivolous or vexatious, and does not involve the publication of defamatory material;

10.3.5.2 The proposal is stated with sufficient clarity to enable effect to be given to it if it is agreed by the members; and

10.3.5.3 Effect can lawfully be given to the proposal if it is so agreed.

10.3.6 Sub-clauses 10.3.1 to 10.3.3 of this clause apply to a proposal made at the request of members.

10.4 Decisions that must be taken in a particular way

10.4.1 Any decision to amend this constitution must be taken in accordance with clause 29 of this constitution (Amendment of Constitution).

10.4.2 Any decision to wind up or dissolve the CIO must be taken in accordance with clause 30 of this constitution (Voluntary winding up or dissolution). Any decision to amalgamate or transfer the undertaking of the CIO to one or more other CIOs must be taken in accordance with the provisions of the Charities Act 2011.

11 General meetings of members

11.1 Types of general meeting

There must be an annual general meeting (AGM) of the members of the CIO. The first AGM must be held within 18 months of the registration of the CIO, and subsequent AGMs must be held at intervals of not more than 15 months. The AGM must receive the annual statement of accounts (duly audited or examined where applicable) and the trustees' annual report, and must elect trustees as required under clause 13.

Other general meetings of the members of the CIO may be held at any time.

All general meetings must be held in accordance with the following provisions.

11.2 Calling general meetings

11.2.1 The charity trustees:
11.2.1.1 must call the annual general meeting of the members of the CIO in accordance with sub-clause 11.1 of this clause, and identify it as such in the notice of the meeting; and

11.2.1.2 may call any other general meeting of the members at any time.

11.2.2 The charity trustees must, within 21 days, call a general meeting of the members of the CIO if:

11.2.2.1 they receive a request to do so from at least 10% of the members of the CIO; and

11.2.2.2 the request states the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting, and is authenticated by the member(s) making the request.

11.2.3 If, at the time of any such request, there has not been any general meeting of the members of the CIO for more than 12 months, then sub-clause 11.2.2.1 of this clause shall have effect as if 5% were substituted for 10%.

11.2.4 Any such request may include particulars of a resolution that may properly be proposed, and is intended to be proposed, at the meeting.

11.2.5 A resolution may only properly be proposed if it is lawful, and is not defamatory, frivolous or vexatious.

11.2.6 Any general meeting called by the charity trustees at the request of the members of the CIO must be held within 28 days from the date on which it is called.

11.2.7 If the charity trustees fail to comply with this obligation to call a general meeting at the request of its members, then the members who requested the meeting may themselves call a general meeting.

11.2.8 A general meeting called in this way must be held not more than 3 months after the date when the members first requested the meeting.

11.2.9 The CIO must reimburse any reasonable expenses incurred by the members calling a general meeting by reason of the failure of the charity trustees to duly call the meeting, but the CIO shall be entitled to be indemnified by the charity trustees who were responsible for such failure.

11.3 Notice of general meetings

11.3.1 The charity trustees, or, as the case may be, the relevant members of the CIO, must give at least 21 clear days notice of any general meeting to all of the members, and to any charity trustee of the CIO who is not a member.

11.3.2 If it is agreed by not less than 90% of all members of the CIO, any resolution may be proposed and passed at the meeting even though the requirements of sub-clause 11.3.1 of this clause have not been met. This sub-clause does not
apply where a specified period of notice is strictly required by another clause in this constitution, by the Charities Act 2011 or by the General Regulations.

11.3.3 The notice of any general meeting must:

11.3.3.1 state the time and date of the meeting;

11.3.3.2 give the address at which the meeting is to take place;

11.3.3.3 give particulars of any resolution which is to be moved at the meeting, and of the general nature of any other business to be dealt with at the meeting; and

11.3.3.4 if a proposal to alter the constitution of the CIO is to be considered at the meeting, include the text of the proposed alteration;

11.3.3.5 include, with the notice for the AGM, the annual statement of accounts and trustees' annual report, details of persons standing for election or re-election as trustee, or where allowed under clause 23 (Use of electronic communication), details of where the information may be found on the CIO's website.

11.3.4 Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted; or that an electronic form of notice was properly addressed and sent, shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. Notice shall be deemed to be given 48 hours after it was posted or sent.

11.3.5 The proceedings of a meeting shall not be invalidated because a member who was entitled to receive notice of the meeting did not receive it because of accidental omission by the CIO.

11.4 Chairing of general meetings

The person nominated as chair by the charity trustees under clause 20.2 (Chairing of meetings), shall, if present at the general meeting and willing to act, preside as chair of the meeting. Subject to that, the members of the CIO who are present at a general meeting shall elect a chair to preside at the meeting.

11.5 Quorum at general meetings

11.5.1 No business may be transacted at any general meeting of the members of the CIO unless a quorum is present when the meeting starts.

11.5.2 Subject to the following provisions, the quorum for general meetings shall be one-tenth of the total membership of the CIO or such other number as the CIO may in general meeting from time to time determine. An institutional member at the meeting in accordance with sub-clause 11.7 of this clause is counted as being present in person.
11.5.3 If the meeting has been called by or at the request of the members and a quorum is not present within 15 minutes of the starting time specified in the notice of the meeting, the meeting is closed.

11.5.4 If the meeting has been called in any other way and a quorum is not present within 15 minutes of the starting time specified in the notice of the meeting, the chair must adjourn the meeting. The date, time and place at which the meeting will resume must either be announced by the chair or be notified to the CIO's members at least seven clear days before the date on which it will resume.

11.5.5 If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes of the start time of the adjourned meeting, the member or members present at the meeting constitute a quorum.

11.5.6 If at any time during the meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting may discuss issues and make recommendations to the trustees but may not make any decisions. If decisions are required which must be made by a meeting of the members, the meeting must be adjourned.

11.6 Voting at general meetings

11.6.1 Any decision other than one falling within clause 10.4 (Decisions that must be taken in a particular way) shall be taken by a simple majority of votes cast at the meeting. Every member has one vote unless otherwise provided in the rights of a particular class of membership under this constitution.

11.6.2 A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) a poll is duly demanded. A poll may be demanded by the chair or by at least 10% of the members present in person at the meeting.

11.6.3 A poll demanded on the election of a person to chair the meeting or on a question of adjournment must be taken immediately. A poll on any other matter shall be taken, and the result of the poll shall be announced, in such manner as the chair of the meeting shall decide, provided that the poll must be taken, and the result of the poll announced, within 30 days of the demand for the poll.

11.6.4 A poll may be taken:

11.6.4.1 at the meeting at which it was demanded; or

11.6.4.2 at some other time and place specified by the chair; or

11.6.4.3 through the use of postal or electronic communications.

11.6.5 In the event of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chair of the meeting shall have a second, or casting vote.

11.6.6 Any objection to the qualification of any voter must be raised at the meeting at which the vote is cast and the decision of the chair of the meeting shall be final.
11.7 Representation of institutional members.

11.7.1 An institutional member of the CIO may, in accordance with its usual decision-making process, authorise a person to act as its representative at any general meeting of the CIO.

11.7.2 The representative is entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the institutional member as the institutional member could exercise as an individual member of the CIO.

11.7.3 Written notice of the representative's authority shall be given to the CIO, failing which the CIO shall not be required to accept the right of any representative to exercise the institutional member's rights at meetings. Any such notice given to the CIO shall be conclusive evidence that the representative is entitled to represent the institutional member and that his or her authority has not been revoked. The CIO shall not be required to consider whether the representative has been properly authorised by the institutional member.

11.7.4 The CIO shall be entitled to regard the representative as eligible to represent the institutional member until written notice to the contrary is received by the CIO.

11.8 Adjournment of meetings

The chair may with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting to another time and/or place. No business may be transacted at an adjourned meeting except business which could properly have been transacted at the original meeting.

12 Charity trustees

12.1 Functions and duties of charity trustees

The charity trustees shall manage the affairs of the CIO and may for that purpose exercise all the powers of the CIO. It is the duty of each charity trustee:

12.1.1 to exercise his or her powers and to perform his or her functions as a trustee of the CIO in the way he or she decides in good faith would be most likely to further the purposes of the CIO; and

12.1.2 to exercise, in the performance of those functions, such care and skill as is reasonable in the circumstances having regard in particular to:

12.1.2.1 any special knowledge or experience that he or she has or holds himself or herself out as having; and

12.1.2.2 if he or she acts as a charity trustee of the CIO in the course of a business or profession, to any special knowledge or experience that it is reasonable to expect of a person acting in the course of that kind of business or profession.
12.2 **Eligibility for trusteeship**

12.2.1 Every charity trustee must be a natural person.

12.2.2 Every charity trustee must either be an existing member or must apply for membership on appointment.

12.2.3 No one may be appointed as a charity trustee:

12.2.3.1 if he or she is under the age of 16 years; or

12.2.3.2 if he or she would automatically cease to hold office under the provisions of clause 16.1.5.

12.2.4 No one is entitled to act as a charity trustee whether on appointment or on any re-appointment until he or she has expressly acknowledged, in whatever way the charity trustees decide, his or her acceptance of the office of charity trustee.

12.3 **Number of charity trustees**

12.3.1 The maximum number of charity trustees on the Executive Committee unless otherwise fixed by ordinary decision of the members shall be 16 which shall consist of:

12.3.1.1 3 Honorary Officers (comprising the Chair, Secretary and Treasurer);

12.3.1.2 up to 9 Elected Trustees; and

12.3.1.3 up to 4 co-opted charity trustees

provided that the number of co-opted charity trustees shall not exceed one third of the total number of Honorary Officers and Elected Trustees.

13 **Appointment of charity trustees**

13.1 The Honorary Officers and Elected Trustees shall be elected by ordinary decision of the members at the Annual General Meeting in accordance with clause 14.

13.2 The Executive Committee may from time to time co-opt up to four persons who are willing to act as charity trustees, and are permitted by law to do so. Such co-opted charity trustees shall hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting and shall be eligible for election at that meeting.

13.3 Any casual vacancy on the Executive Committee may be filled up by the Executive Committee and any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting and shall be eligible for election at that meeting.
13.4 No appointment of a charity trustee, whether by the CIO in general meeting or by the Executive Committee, may be made which would cause the number of charity trustees to exceed any number fixed as the maximum number of charity trustees.

13.5 First charity trustees

Subject to clause 16 the first charity trustees shall hold office for the following periods, to expire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting in the final year of their term:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trustee</th>
<th>Initial Term (years)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr Dipti Bhagat (Chair)</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Livia Rezende (Treasurer)</td>
<td>3 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr Charlotte Nicklas (Secretary)</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr Catharine Rossi</td>
<td>2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prof Cheryl Buckley</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maya Oppenheimer</td>
<td>3 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr Sally-Anne Huxtable</td>
<td>2 years</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dr Annebella Pollen</td>
<td>2 years</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mr Harry Leeson</td>
<td>3 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sabrina Rahman</td>
<td>3 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13.6 Any other Honorary Officer or Elected Trustee shall be appointed for a term of three years, at the end of which he or she shall retire.

13.7 Subject to clause 17, a person retiring from the office of charity trustee shall be eligible for re-election.

14 Nominations of Honorary Officers and Elected Trustees

14.1 Any member of the CIO may be nominated for election to the Executive Committee as either an Honorary Officer or an Elected Trustee.

14.2 Subject to any change to the nominations or elections procedure as agreed by ordinary decision of the members the following shall apply:

14.2.1 candidates shall be proposed and seconded by any two other members;
14.2.2 nominations may be sent to the Secretary to arrive at least seven days before the Annual General Meeting and shall be accompanied by a statement of the candidate’s willingness to serve;

14.2.3 in the event of an insufficient number of nominations, those members already nominated shall be automatically elected to the Executive Committee;

14.2.4 further nominations may be taken from the floor of the Annual General Meeting for the remaining Honorary Officers and Elected Trustees.

15 Information for new charity trustees

The charity trustees will make available to each new charity trustee, on or before his or her first appointment:

15.1 a copy of this constitution and any amendments made to it; and

15.2 a copy of the CIO’s latest trustees’ annual report and statement of accounts.

16 Retirement and removal of charity trustees

16.1 A charity trustee ceases to hold office if he or she:

16.1.1 retires by notifying the CIO in writing (but only if enough charity trustees will remain in office when the notice of resignation takes effect to form a quorum for meetings);

16.1.2 is absent without the permission of the charity trustees from all their meetings held within a period of six months and the trustees resolve that his or her office be vacated;

16.1.3 dies;

16.1.4 becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder, illness or injury of managing and administering his or her own affairs; or

16.1.5 is disqualified from acting as a charity trustee by virtue of section 178-180 of the Charities Act 2011 (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that provision).

16.2 A charity trustee shall be removed from office if a resolution to remove that trustee is proposed at a general meeting of the members called for that purpose and properly convened in accordance with clause 11, and the resolution is passed by a two-thirds majority of votes cast at the meeting.

16.3 A resolution to remove a charity trustee in accordance with this clause shall not take effect unless the individual concerned has been given at least 14 clear days’ notice in writing that the resolution is to be proposed, specifying the circumstances alleged to justify removal from
office, and has been given a reasonable opportunity of making oral and/or written representations to the members of the CIO.

17 **Reappointment of charity trustees**

17.1 Any person who retires as a charity trustee at the expiry of their term or by giving notice to the CIO is eligible for reappointment. Subject to clause 17.2 a charity trustee who has served for two consecutive terms may not be reappointed for a third consecutive term but may be reappointed after an interval of at least three years. For the avoidance of doubt, time served as a trustee of the Society shall count towards a charity trustee’s period in office.

17.2 A charity trustee who has served two consecutive terms may, in exceptional circumstances, be appointed for a further term of up to two years on a resolution passed by an ordinary decision of the members at a general meeting.

18 **Taking of decisions by charity trustees**

Any decision may be taken either:

18.1 at a meeting of the charity trustees; or

18.2 by resolution in writing or electronic form agreed by all of the charity trustees, which may comprise either a single document or several documents containing the text of the resolution in like form to each of which one or more charity trustees has signified their agreement.

19 **Delegation by charity trustees**

19.1 The charity trustees may delegate any of their powers or functions to a committee or committees, and, if they do, they must determine the terms and conditions on which the delegation is made. The charity trustees may at any time alter those terms and conditions, or revoke the delegation.

19.2 This power is in addition to the power of delegation in the General Regulations and any other power of delegation available to the charity trustees, but is subject to the following requirements -

19.2.1 a committee may consist of two or more persons, but at least one member of each committee must be a charity trustee;

19.2.2 the acts and proceedings of any committee must be brought to the attention of the charity trustees as a whole as soon as is reasonably practicable; and

19.2.3 the charity trustees shall from time to time review the arrangements which they have made for the delegation of their powers.
20  Meetings and proceedings of charity trustees

20.1  Calling meetings

20.1.1  Any charity trustee may call a meeting of the charity trustees.

20.1.2  Subject to that, the charity trustees shall decide how their meetings are to be called, and what notice is required.

20.2  Chairing of meetings

The Chair (as elected in accordance with clause 14) shall chair their meetings. If no-one has been so appointed, or if the person appointed is unwilling to preside or is not present within 10 minutes after the time of the meeting, the charity trustees present may appoint one of their number to chair that meeting.

20.3  Procedure at meetings

20.3.1  No decision shall be taken at a meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the decision is taken. The quorum is two charity trustees, or the number nearest to one third of the total number of charity trustees, whichever is greater, or such larger number as the charity trustees may decide from time to time. A charity trustee shall not be counted in the quorum present when any decision is made about a matter upon which he or she is not entitled to vote.

20.3.2  Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of those eligible to vote.

20.3.3  In the case of an equality of votes, the chair shall have a second or casting vote.

20.4  Participation in meetings by electronic means

20.4.1  A meeting may be held by suitable electronic means agreed by the charity trustees in which each participant may communicate with all the other participants.

20.4.2  Any charity trustee participating at a meeting by suitable electronic means agreed by the charity trustees in which a participant or participants may communicate with all the other participants shall qualify as being present at the meeting.

20.4.3  Meetings held by electronic means must comply with rules for meetings, including chairing and the taking of minutes.

21  Saving provisions

21.1  Subject to sub-clause 21.2 of this clause, all decisions of the charity trustees, or of a committee of charity trustees, shall be valid notwithstanding the participation in any vote of a charity trustee:
21.1.1 who was disqualified from holding office;

21.1.2 who had previously retired or who had been obliged by the constitution to vacate office;

21.1.3 who was not entitled to vote on the matter, whether by reason of a conflict of interest or otherwise;

if, without the vote of that charity trustee and that charity trustee being counted in the quorum, the decision has been made by a majority of the charity trustees at a quorate meeting.

21.2 Sub-clause 21.1 of this clause does not permit a charity trustee to keep any benefit that may be conferred upon him or her by a resolution of the charity trustees or of a committee of charity trustees if, but for clause 21.1, the resolution would have been void, or if the charity trustee has not complied with clause 7 (Conflicts of interest).

22 Execution of documents

22.1 The CIO shall execute documents either by signature or by affixing its seal (if it has one).

22.2 A document is validly executed by signature if it is signed by at least two of the charity trustees.

22.3 If the CIO has a seal:

22.3.1 it must comply with the provisions of the General Regulations; and

22.3.2 it must only be used by the authority of the charity trustees or of a committee of charity trustees duly authorised by the charity trustees. The charity trustees may determine who shall sign any document to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise determined it shall be signed by two charity trustees.

23 Use of electronic communications

23.1 General

The CIO will comply with the requirements of the Communications Provisions in the General Regulations and in particular:

23.1.1 the requirement to provide within 21 days to any member on request a hard copy of any document or information sent to the member otherwise than in hard copy form;

23.1.2 any requirements to provide information to the Commission in a particular form or manner.

23.2 To the CIO
Any member or charity trustee of the CIO may communicate electronically with the CIO to an address specified by the CIO for the purpose, so long as the communication is authenticated in a manner which is satisfactory to the CIO.

23.3 By the CIO

23.3.1 Any member or charity trustee of the CIO, by providing the CIO with his or her email address or similar, is taken to have agreed to receive communications from the CIO in electronic form at that address, unless the member has indicated to the CIO his or her unwillingness to receive such communications in that form.

23.3.2 The charity trustees may, subject to compliance with any legal requirements, by means of publication on its website -

23.3.2.1 provide the members with the notice referred to in clause 11.3 (Notice of general meetings);

23.3.2.2 give charity trustees notice of their meetings in accordance with clause 20.1 (Calling meetings); and

23.3.2.3 submit any proposal to the members or charity trustees for decision by written resolution or postal vote in accordance with the CIO’s powers under clause 10 (Members’ decisions), 10.3 (Decisions taken by resolution in writing).

23.3.3 The charity trustees must:

23.3.3.1 take reasonable steps to ensure that members and charity trustees are promptly notified of the publication of any such notice or proposal;

23.3.3.2 send any such notice or proposal in hard copy form to any member or charity trustee who has not consented to receive communications in electronic form.

24 Keeping of Registers

The CIO must comply with its obligations under the General Regulations in relation to the keeping of, and provision of access to, registers of its members and charity trustees.

25 Minutes

The charity trustees must keep minutes of all:

25.1 appointments of officers made by the charity trustees;

25.2 proceedings at general meetings of the CIO;

25.3 meetings of the charity trustees and committees of charity trustees including:
25.3.1 the names of the trustees present at the meeting;
25.3.2 the decisions made at the meetings; and
25.3.3 where appropriate the reasons for the decisions;
25.4 decisions made by the charity trustees otherwise than in meetings.

26 Accounting records, accounts, annual reports and returns, register maintenance

26.1 The charity trustees must comply with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 with regard to the keeping of accounting records, to the preparation and scrutiny of statements of accounts, and to the preparation of annual reports and returns. The statements of accounts, reports and returns must be sent to the Charity Commission, regardless of the income of the CIO, within 10 months of the financial year end.

26.2 The charity trustees must comply with their obligation to inform the Commission within 28 days of any change in the particulars of the CIO entered on the Central Register of Charities.

27 Rules

The charity trustees may from time to time make such reasonable and proper rules or bye laws as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the CIO, but such rules or bye laws must not be inconsistent with any provision of this constitution. Copies of any such rules or bye laws currently in force must be made available to any member of the CIO on request.

28 Disputes

If a dispute arises between members of the CIO about the validity or propriety of anything done by the members under this constitution, and the dispute cannot be resolved by agreement, the parties to the dispute must first try in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation before resorting to litigation.

29 Amendment of constitution

As provided by clauses 224-227 of the Charities Act 2011:

29.1 This constitution can only be amended:

29.1.1 by resolution agreed in writing by all members of the CIO; or

29.1.2 by a resolution passed by a 75% majority of votes cast at a general meeting of the members of the CIO.
29.2 Any alteration of clause 3 (Objects), clause 30 (Voluntary winding up or dissolution), this clause, or of any provision where the alteration would provide authorisation for any benefit to be obtained by charity trustees or members of the CIO or persons connected with them, requires the prior written consent of the Charity Commission.

29.3 No amendment that is inconsistent with the provisions of the Charities Act 2011 or the General Regulations shall be valid.

29.4 A copy of any resolution altering the constitution, together with a copy of the CIO's constitution as amended, must be sent to the Commission within 15 days from the date on which the resolution is passed. The amendment does not take effect until it has been recorded in the Register of Charities.

30 Voluntary winding up or dissolution

30.1 As provided by the Dissolution Regulations, the CIO may be dissolved by resolution of its members. Any decision by the members to wind up or dissolve the CIO can only be made:

30.1.1 at a general meeting of the members of the CIO called in accordance with clause 11 (Meetings of Members), of which not less than 14 days' notice has been given to those eligible to attend and vote:

30.1.1.1 by a resolution passed by a 75% majority of those voting, or

30.1.1.2 by a resolution passed by decision taken without a vote and without any expression of dissent in response to the question put to the general meeting; or

30.1.1.3 by a resolution agreed in writing by all members of the CIO.

30.1.2 Subject to the payment of all the CIO's debts:

30.1.2.1 Any resolution for the winding up of the CIO, or for the dissolution of the CIO without winding up, may contain a provision directing how any remaining assets of the CIO shall be applied.

30.1.2.2 If the resolution does not contain such a provision, the charity trustees must decide how any remaining assets of the CIO shall be applied.

30.1.2.3 In either case the remaining assets must be applied for charitable purposes the same as or similar to those of the CIO.

30.1.3 The CIO must observe the requirements of the Dissolution Regulations in applying to the Commission for the CIO to be removed from the Register of Charities, and in particular:

30.1.3.1 the charity trustees must send with their application to the Commission:
(a) a copy of the resolution passed by the members of the CIO;

(b) a declaration by the charity trustees that any debts and other liabilities of the CIO have been settled or otherwise provided for in full; and

(c) a statement by the charity trustees setting out the way in which any property of the CIO has been or is to be applied prior to its dissolution in accordance with this constitution;

30.1.3.2 the charity trustees must ensure that a copy of the application is sent within seven days to every member and employee of the CIO, and to any charity trustee of the CIO who was not privy to the application.

30.1.4 If the CIO is to be wound up or dissolved in any other circumstances, the provisions of the Dissolution Regulations must be followed.

31 Interpretation

In this constitution:

charity trustee means a charity trustee of the CIO.

Communications Provisions means the Communications Provisions in Part 10, Chapter 4 of the General Regulations.

Connected person means:

(a) a child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of the charity trustee;

(b) the spouse or civil partner of the charity trustee or of any person falling within paragraph (a) above;

(c) a person carrying on business in partnership with the charity trustee or with any person falling within paragraph (a) or (b) above;

(d) an institution which is controlled -

(i) by the charity trustee or any connected person falling within paragraph (a), (b) or (c) above; or

(ii) by two or more persons falling within paragraph (d)(i) above, when taken
together;

(e) a body corporate in which -

(i) the charity trustee or any connected person falling within paragraphs (a) to (c) has a substantial interest; or

(ii) two or more persons falling within paragraph (e)(i) above who, when taken together, have a substantial interest.

Section 118 of the Charities Act 2011 apply for the purposes of interpreting the term ‘connected person’ used in this constitution.

Dissolution Regulations means the Charitable Incorporated Organisations (Insolvency and Dissolution) Regulations 2012.

Executive Committee means the board of charity trustees the CIO;

General Regulations means the Charitable Incorporated Organisations (General) Regulations 2012.

Honorary Officers has the meaning given in clause 12.3.1.1.

poll means a counted vote or ballot, usually (but not necessarily) in writing.

Society means the unincorporated Design History Society (registered with the Charity Commission for England and Wales with no: 327326) being the predecessor body to the CIO.